## **WEST Search History**

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DATE: Tuesday, November 20, 2007

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DB=USPT; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ

L1 (514/321.ccls. or 546/197.ccls.) and (paroxetine adj hydrochloride)

44

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited. FILE COVERS 1907 - 13 Nov 2007 VOL 147 ISS 21 FILE LAST UPDATED: 12 Nov 2007 (20071112/ED) Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply. They are available for your review at: http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html => s 18 and 19 13 L8 58 L9 L10 4 L8 AND L9 => d bib abs hitstr 1-4 L10 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 2004:267324 CAPLUS AN DN 140:287369 Process for producing paroxetine hydrochloride hydrate TI Yamazaki, Shigeya; Yoshikawa, Taichi IN Sumika Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd., Japan PA PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent Japanese T.A FAN.CNT 2 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE \_\_\_\_\_\_ ---------20040401 WO 2003-JP11806 20030917 A1 PΤ WO 2004026861 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG 20040401 CA 2003-2496727 20030917 CA 2496727 Αl AU 2003-271056 20030917 AU 2003271056 **A1** 20040408 AU 2003 2.1 EP 2003-751271 20030917 20050720 EP 1555263 A1 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK BR 2003-14596 20050809 20030917 BR 2003014596 Α US 2006041138 US 2005-527337 20050310 20060223 A1 PRAI JP 2002-273901 20020919 Α JP 2002-288640 20021001 Α WO 2003-JP11806 W 20030917 This document discloses a process for producing paroxetine hydrochloride AB hydrate (I), which comprises reacting (3S,4R)-1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-4-(4fluorophenyl)-3-[(3,4-methylenedioxy)phenoxymethyl]piperidine with hydrogen chloride in the presence of water and then precipitating crystals in the presence of water. Also claimed is a pharmaceutical composition containing I for treatment of a variety of mental disorders. 200572-35-6 IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

#### tartaric acid

(process for producing paroxetine hydrochloride hydrate via hydrolysis of BOC-paroxetine and crystallization in presence of water)

RN 200572-35-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinecarboxylic acid, 3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (3S,4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

IT 110429-35-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(process for producing paroxetine hydrochloride hydrate via hydrolysis of BOC-paroxetine and crystallization in water)

RN 110429-35-1 CAPLUS

CN Piperidine, 3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-, hydrochloride, hydrate (2:2:1), (3S,4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

● HCl

### ●1/2 H<sub>2</sub>O

RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:267323 CAPLUS

DN 140:309367

TI Preparation of paroxetine hydrochloride hemihydrate crystals

```
Yamazaki, Shigeya; Yoshikawa, Taichi
TN
    Sumika Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd., Japan
PA
    PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 2
                       KIND DATE
                                      APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
    PATENT NO.
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                        A1 20040401 WO 2003-JP11805 20030917
    WO 2004026860
ΡI
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
            LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG,
            PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR,
            TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
            FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
            BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                         A1
                               20040401
                                         CA 2003-2496726
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    CA 2496726
    AU 2003271055
                               20040408
                                          AU 2003-271055
                                                                 20030917
                         A1
                               20050720 EP 2003-751270
    EP 1555262
                         A1
                                                                 20030917
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
                               20050802
                                         BR 2003-14848
                                                                  20030917
                        Α
                               20060309
                                           US 2005-527317
                                                                  20050310
    US 2006048696
                        A1
PRAI JP 2002-273901
                        Α
                               20020919
    WO 2003-JP11805
                               20030917
    This document discloses a method of precipitating crystals of paroxetine
AB
    hydrochloride 1/2-hydrate in a water-containing polar organic solvent, which
    comprises adding water to a solution or suspension of paroxetine
    hydrochloride in either a water-free polar organic solvent or a solvent
     containing up to 60 weight% water to regulate the water content to 70 weight%
or
    higher and thereby precipitate crystals of paroxetine hydrochloride
1/2-hydrate.
     Paroxetine hydrochloride hemihydrate is a known antidepressant. Also
    provided is a method of precipitating crystals of paroxetine hydrochloride
     1/2-hydrate in water or a water-containing polar organic solvent, which
comprises
     causing hydrogen chloride to be present in the system to thereby precipitate
    crystals of paroxetine hydrochloride 1/2-hydrate which have not been
    colored in pink.
    110429-35-1P, Paroxetine hydrochloride hemihydrate
TT
    RL: CPS (Chemical process); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PEP (Physical,
    engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or
    recovery); PYP (Physical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of paroxetine hydrochloride hemihydrate crystals)
    110429-35-1 CAPLUS
RN
    Piperidine, 3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-,
CN
    hydrochloride, hydrate (2:2:1), (3S,4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

tartaric acid

HCl

#### ●1/2 H<sub>2</sub>O

IT 200572-35-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of paroxetine hydrochloride hemihydrate crystals)

RN 200572-35-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinecarboxylic acid, 3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (3S,4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

# RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2001:366096 CAPLUS

DN 134:366864

TI Simple preparation of anhydrous paroxetine hydrochloride 2-propanol solvate

IN Iki, Masaki; Yamazaki, Shigeya; Ishibashi, Taro; Kawata, Yoshihiro; Yumoto, Hiroyuki; Yoshikawa, Taichi

PA Sumika Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 2001139572 A 20010522 JP 1999-326619 19991117 PRAI JP 1999-326619 19991117

The title solvate (I), useful as an intermediate for antidepressant anhydrous paroxetine hydrochloride, etc., is prepared by dissolving paroxetine hydrochloride (II.HCl) in 2-propanol (III) which substantially contains H2O and crystallizing from the solution or by mixing II or N-tert-butoxycarbonylparoxetine with III solution of HCl which substantially contains H2O and crystallizing from the mixture II.HCl.2/1H2O (20.0 g) was dissolved in 220 mL III containing 0.10% H2O upon heating at 80°, and the solution was kept at 55-60° for 30 min and then cooled to 2-5° under stirring for 30 min to give 19.8 g I.

IT 110429-35-1, Paroxetine hydrochloride hemihydrate 200572-35-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of anhydrous paroxetine hydrochloride 2-propanol solvate from paroxetine, its hydrochloride, or N-tert-butoxycarbonyl derivative upon crystallization)

RN 110429-35-1 CAPLUS

CN Piperidine, 3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-, hydrochloride, hydrate (2:2:1), (3S,4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

HCl

●1/2 H<sub>2</sub>O

RN 200572-35-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinecarboxylic acid, 3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (3S,4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

#### tartaric acid

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2000:240402 CAPLUS

DN 133:4631

TI Improved synthesis of paroxetine hydrochloride propan-2-ol solvate through one of metabolites in humans, and characterization of the solvate crystals

AU Sugi, Kiyoshi; Itaya, Nobushige; Katsura, Tadashi; Igi, Masami; Yamazaki, Shigeya; Ishibashi, Taro; Yamaoka, Teiji; Kawada, Yoshihiro; Tagami, Yayoi; Otsuki, Michiya; Ohshima, Takao

CS Central Research Laboratories, Sumika Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd., Osaka, 555-0021, Japan

SO Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (2000), 48(4), 529-536 CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363

PB Pharmaceutical Society of Japan

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 133:4631

Paroxetine, a potent and selective inhibitor of 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin) uptake, was prepared through a piperidine derivative, which was reported to be one of the paroxetine metabolites in humans. Thus, the piperidine derivative was converted to its N-tert-butoxycarbonyl (N-Boc) derivative, which was then converted to N-Boc paroxetine. Paroxetine hydrochloride propan-2-ol (iso-Pr alc. (IPA)) solvate crystals were directly obtained from the N-Boc paroxetine by adding hydrogen chloride to the N-Boc paroxetine IPA solution. The amount of IPA content in the crystals was reduced by drying with a continuous change of powder X-ray diffraction patterns. Other characterizations of the solvate crystals were also conducted.

IT 110429-35-1P, Paroxetine hydrochloride hemihydrate
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of paroxetine hydrochloride propanol solvate via human
 metabolite intermediate and characterization of solvate crystals)

RN 110429-35-1 CAPLUS

CN Piperidine, 3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-, hydrochloride, hydrate (2:2:1), (3S,4R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

HC1

●1/2 H<sub>2</sub>O

IT 200572-35-6P, (3S,4R)-3-[(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yloxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylic acid 1,1-dimethylethyl ester